ACT

To regulate the financial management of the Legislature in a manner consistent with its status in terms of the Constitution; to ensure that all revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities of the legislature are managed efficiently, effectively and transparently; to provide for the responsibilities of persons entrusted with financial management in the legislature; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

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PREAMBLE

RECOGNISING -

That the Legislature is governed by the democratic values and principles enshrined within the Constitution

AND in order to -

- Promote and maintain a high standard of professional ethics in the financial management of the Legislature;
- Promote the efficient, economic, and effective use of resources allocated to the Legislature; and
- Ensure the transparent, accountable and sound management of the revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities of the Legislature;

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Provincial Legislature of the Province of the Free State as follows:-

(English text assented to and signed by the Premier.) 5 **CHAPTER 1** INTERPRETATION AND OBJECTS **Definitions** 10 1. In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise -"Accounting Officer" means the Secretary to the Legislature, and includes, where appropriate, a person acting as Secretary, duly appointed by the Executive authority 15 in terms of section 4; "annual provincial budget" means the annual provincial budget referred to in section 27(2) of the PFMA; 20 "annual report" means the annual report referred to in section 54; "approved budget" means the total amount of funds that the Legislature has appropriated from the Provincial Revenue Fund for the Legislature in a (a) 25 vote in terms of a provincial appropriation Act; and (b) approved from the Legislature's own funds in terms of section 15(2) (b); "Budget and Oversight Committee" means a committee of the Legislature 30 responsible for oversight in terms of this Act;

40

(b)

(c)

| | No. 77 PROVINCIAL GAZETTE, | 16 October 20 |
|-------------|--|---------------|
| lo. 6, 2009 | | |
| "Exe | cutive Authority" means the Speaker of the Legislature; | |
| "fina | ncial year" means a year ending 31 March; | |
| | cless and wasteful expenditure" means expenditure that was made in vain yould have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised; | 5 |
| incur | gular expenditure" means expenditure, other than unauthorised expenditure, red in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of this r any other applicable legislation; | 10 |
| "Leg | islature" means the provincial legislature of the Province of the Free State; | |
| appro | n division" means one of the main segments into which the Legislature's eved budget is divided and which specifies the total amount which is opriated and approved for the items under that segment; | 15 |
| | C " means the Member of the Executive Council responsible for financial ers in the Province; | 20 |
| "mor | nth" means a calendar month; | 20 |
| | cial" means an employee of the Legislature or any other person to whom any ion is delegated in terms of this Act; | 25 |
| "ove | espending" - | 25 |
| (a) | in relation to the approved budget of the Legislature means causing expenditure to exceed the amount appropriated and approved for the budget; or | 30 |
| (b) | in relation to a main division within the approved budget of the Legislature, means causing expenditure under the main division to exceed the amount appropriated and approved for that main division; | 0.5 |
| "pers | on in the employ of the state" means - | 35 |
| (a) | a member of the board of directors of a municipal entity; | |
| | | |

an employee of a national or provincial department, national or provincial

public entity or constitutional institution within the meaning of the PFMA;

an official of a municipality or municipal entity;

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Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

Objects of this Act

| 2. The c | bjects | of this | Act are - |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------|
|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------|

- (a) to ensure transparency, accountability and sound management of the Legislature's revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities;
- (b) to ensure a consultative relationship between the Legislature and the Provincial Treasury, conducted at a high level and based on respect for
 - (i) the constitutional status of the Legislature;
 - (ii) the constitutional requirements for the tabling of money bills;
 - (iii) budget processes, standards of generally recognised accounting practice, uniform expenditure classifications and the treasury norms and standards established in terms of the PFMA; and
 - (iv) the fiscal policy of the provincial government to the extent that it is applicable to the Legislature;
- (c) to provide the Provincial Treasury with
 - (i) an opportunity to make comments on proposed annual budgets and adjustment budget of the Legislature;
 - (ii) information on the proposed annual budgets and adjustments budgets of the Legislature for inclusion in the provincial annual budgets and adjustment budgets; and
 - (iii) regular information on expenditure by the Legislature; and
- (d) to provide for oversight of the Legislature's budgeting and expenditure through an appropriate committee of the Legislature.

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Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

CHAPTER 2 OVERSIGHT, EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY AND ADMINISTRATION OF ACT

| | Part 1: Budget and Oversight Committee | 5 |
|---------------|---|----|
| The Budget | and Oversight Committee | 3 |
| 3. (1) | A Budget and Oversight Committee must maintain oversight of the financial management of the Legislature by among other things – | 10 |
| | (a) considering the strategic plan, annual performance plan and budget tabled in the Legislature in terms of section 16(1); | 10 |
| | (b) considering instructions or directives issued by the Executive Authority in terms of this Act; | 15 |
| | (c) considering the annual report tabled to the Legislature in terms of section 59; and | |
| | (d) performing any other functions specified in this Act or by the Rules of the Legislature, or consistent with the objects of this Act. | 20 |
| (2) | Representation on the Committee must be in accordance with the Rules of the Legislature except that the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker – | 25 |
| | (a) may not be members of the Committee; and | 23 |
| | (b) may only participate in the deliberations of the Committee at the request of the Committee. | 30 |
| (3) | The Committee may require the Accounting Officer or any other official of the Legislature to appear before it. | 30 |
| (4) | The Committee has the powers that committees of the Legislature have under section 115 of the Constitution and the Standing Rules of the Legislature. | 35 |
| | Part 2: Executive Authority | |
| Executive A | uthority | 40 |

| 4. | (1) | The Speaker of the Legislature is the Executive Authority of the Legislature. | |
|----|-----|--|----|
| | (2) | The Executive Authority is responsible for the treasury functions in respect of the Legislature. | 45 |

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No. 77

Acting Accounting Officer

8. If the position of Accounting Officer is vacant, or if the Accounting Officer is unable to perform the functions of the position, those functions must be performed by another official designated in writing by the Executive Authority.

5

Delegation of powers and duties by Accounting Officer

9. (1) The Accounting Officer may delegate any powers or duties conferred on the Accounting Officer by this Act to an official of the Legislature in accordance with a system of delegation.

10

(2) The Accounting Officer must develop the system of delegation in consultation with the Executive Authority and it must –

15

- (a) maximise administrative and operational efficiency; and
- (b) provide adequate checks and balances in the financial management of the Legislature.

20

- (3) The Accounting Officer must regularly review delegations made in terms of subsection (1) and, if necessary, amend or withdraw any of such delegations.
- (4) A delegation in terms of subsection (1) –

25

- (a) must be in writing;
- (b) is subject to limitations and conditions the Accounting Officer may impose;

30

(c) may be to an individual or to the holder of a specific post in the administration of the Legislature;

35

(d) may authorise that official to sub-delegate, in writing, the delegated power or duty to another official, or to the holder of a specific post in the administration of the Legislature; and

40

(e) does not divest the Accounting Officer of responsibility for the exercise of the delegated power or the performance of the delegated duty.

(5) The Accounting Officer may confirm, vary or revoke a decision taken by an official in terms of a delegation under subsection (1), subject to rights that may have become vested as a consequence of the decision.

(Act No. 6, 2009) Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

Responsibilities of officials

| 10. Even | v official must – |
|-----------------|-------------------|
|-----------------|-------------------|

(a) comply with the provisions of this Act, to the extent applicable to that official;

5

- (b) comply with the terms of a delegation in terms of section 9; and
- (c) take all reasonable steps within that official's area of responsibility to ensure that –

10

(i) the Legislature's system of financial management and internal control is implemented diligently;

15

- (ii) the Legislature's financial and other resources are used effectively, efficiently and transparently;
- (iii) any unauthorised expenditure, irregular expenditure, fruitless and wasteful expenditure and other losses are prevented, and, when such expenditure or losses occur, are reported to the Accounting Officer;

20

- (iv) all revenue due to the Legislature is collected; and
- (v) the Legislature's assets and liabilities are managed effectively, and that assets are safeguarded and maintained to the extent necessary.

25

Fiduciary responsibilities

11. (1) The Accounting Officer and other official charged with any responsibility under this Act must –

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(a) act with fidelity, honesty, integrity and in the best interests of the Legislature in managing its financial affairs;

35

- (b) disclose all material facts which are available to that person or reasonably discoverable, and which in any way might influence any decision or action in terms of this Act; and
- (c) seek to prevent prejudice to the financial interests and good reputation of the Legislature.

40

Annual budget

15. (1)The Accounting Officer must, within ten months prior to the start of the financial year, prepare a draft budget for the Legislature and present it to the 5 Executive Authority. (2)The Legislature's budget must – cover the following financial year and the two financial years (a) 10 thereafter or other period determined by the Legislature; specify the Legislature's expected revenues distinguishing between -(b) funds to be appropriated through the annual provincial (i) 15 budget; (ii)funds that are a direct charge against the Provincial Revenue Fund; (iii)funds derived from the Legislature's own revenue sources in 20 terms of section 22(3), excluding donor funds; and (iv) unspent funds in terms of section 22(2); (c) specify the Legislature's proposed expenditure requirements per 25 main division within the budget, distinguishing between the sources of funds identified in paragraph (b); (d) specify the purpose of each main division within the budget and provide explanations and other information substantiating the 30 amounts proposed in terms of paragraphs (b) and (c); (e) specify the allocations to Members of the Legislature and political parties made in terms section 33, providing details of the different purposes for which allocations are made and the amounts allocated 35 for such purposes; provide details of all transfers to other entities; (f) contain a schedule of planned expenditure under the Legislature's 40 (g)

donor funded projects; and

be in a prescribed format.

(h)

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Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

Submission of drafts of strategic plan, annual performance plan and budget

| 16. | (1) | The Executive Authority must table in the Legislature, for referral to the Committee – | | | |
|------|----------|--|---|-----|--|
| | | (a) | the draft strategic plan of the Legislature, within ten working days of receiving it from the Accounting Officer; | 5 | |
| | | (b) | the draft annual performance plan and draft budget, at least one month before the draft budget must be submitted to the Provincial Treasury; | 10 | |
| | | (c) | the draft adjustment budget, at least one month before the adjustments budget must be submitted to the Provincial Treasury; and | 15 | |
| | | (d) | any draft revisions to the approved allocations of the Legislature's own funds. | | |
| | (2) | The E | xecutive Authority must – | 20 | |
| | | (a) | after consultation with the MEC, determine a process for submitting the Legislature's budget and adjustments budget to the Provincial Treasury; | | |
| | | (b) | determine the budget of the Legislature after consultation with the MEC before the budget and adjustment budgets are finalised and the provincial budget is introduced; | 25 | |
| | | (c) | submit the budget and adjustments budget to the Provincial Treasury; and | 30 | |
| | | (d) | represent the Legislature in all the discussions with the MEC on any aspect of the Legislature's budget or adjustments budget. | 2.5 | |
| Annu | al appro | opriatio | ons and approvals | 35 | |
| 17. | (1) | For ea | ch financial year, the Legislature must - | | |
| | | (a) | appropriate funds contemplated in section 15(2)(b)(i) in the annual provincial budget; | 40 | |
| | | (b) | approve the use of funds contemplated in section 15(2)(b)(iv); and | | |
| | | (c) | approve the use of the funds contemplated in section 15(2)(b)(iii). | 45 | |
| | | | | | |

Legislature, other than the unauthorised expenditure of donor funds.

The Accounting Officer must obtain the written permission of the Executive Authority to defray excess expenditure contemplated in

mentioned under a main division within the approved budget;

specifically and exclusively appropriated or approved for a purpose

subsection (1) from the savings of an amount –

40

(2)

(a)

(Act No. 6, 2009) Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

(2) The Accounting Officer is responsible for establishing systems and procedures for the effective implementation of the policy prescribed in terms of subsection (1).

Opening of bank accounts

(b)

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24. (1) The Accounting Officer, with the approval of the Executive Authority, and in accordance with the policy referred to in section 23, must open and maintain -

efficient management of the Legislature's funds.

10

(a) a bank account into which all money received by the Legislature must promptly be paid; and

such other bank accounts as are necessary for the effective and

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- (2) The Legislature may not open a bank account -
 - (a) abroad;

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- (b) with an institution not registered as a bank in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No. 94 of 1990); or
- (c) otherwise than in the name of the Legislature.

25

- (3) A bank account opened in terms of this section does not form part of the Provincial Revenue Fund.
- (4) The Accounting Officer must comply with the prescribed tender procedures.

30

Control of bank accounts

25. The Accounting Officer -

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- (a) must administer all of the Legislature's bank accounts;
- (b) is accountable to the Executive Authority for the Legislature's bank accounts; and

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(c) must enforce compliance with section 26.

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Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

Withdrawals from bank accounts

| 26. | (1) | deleg | the Accounting Officer, or an official to whom that power has been ated in terms of section 9, may withdraw money, or authorise the lrawal of money, from any of the Legislature's bank accounts. | 5 |
|------|----------|--------|---|----|
| | (2) | | legation in terms of subsection (1) must be in accordance with the y made in terms of section 23. | |
| | (3) | Mone | ey may be withdrawn from a bank account of the Legislature only for - | 10 |
| | | (a) | defraying expenditure in accordance with the Legislature's approved budget or authorised for the Legislature as a direct charge against the Provincial Revenue Fund; | 15 |
| | | (b) | defraying expenditure incurred in relation to a donor funded project; | 13 |
| | | (c) | refunding money incorrectly paid into a bank account; | |
| | | (d) | making other refunds approved by the Executive Authority; or | 20 |
| | | (e) | cash management or investment purposes in accordance with the policy made in terms of section 23. | |
| Rest | rictions | on bor | rowing, guarantees and other transactions | 25 |
| 27. | (1) | The I | Legislature may not – | |
| | | (a) | borrow money; | 20 |
| | | (b) | issue a guarantee or security; or | 30 |
| | | (c) | enter into any other similar transaction that binds or may bind it to any future financial commitment. | 25 |
| | (2) | | Legislature is not bound by a loan, guarantee, security or other action entered into in breach of sub-section (1). | 35 |
| | (3) | Subse | ection (1) does not prevent the Legislature from – | 40 |
| | | (a) | issuing or being bound by guarantees for loans in terms of housing administered by the Legislature for its employees; | 40 |
| | | (b) | entering into an operating lease agreement for the use of property or equipment; or | 45 |

the political party or Member is entitled to the funds; and

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in instances of a qualified audit report in respect of such funding,

until adequate measures are put in place to rectify the qualification.

Each political party must be provided with financial and administrative assistance in proportion to its representation in the Legislature to enable it

and its leader to perform their functions in the Legislature effectively.

(b)

(5)

| Transfer | navn | nents |
|----------|------|-------|
| | | |

34. (1) Before transferring funds from the Legislature to any other entity, the Accounting Officer must –

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- (a) obtain a written assurance from the entity that it implements effective, efficient and transparent financial management and internal control systems; or
- (b) render the transfer subject to conditions and remedial measures requiring the entity to establish and implement effective, efficient and transparent financial management and internal control systems.

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(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to transfers to entities in other countries or to international institutions.

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(3) Any transfer contemplated by subsection (2) is governed by the instrument regulating the relationship between South Africa and that entity or institution.

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Budget implementation

35. The Accounting Officer is responsible for implementing the Legislature's budget and must ensure that –

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- (a) spending is in accordance with the approved budget; and
- (b) revenue and expenditure are properly monitored.

Executive directive with financial implications

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- **36.** (1) A directive by the Executive Authority that has financial implications must -
 - (a) be in writing; and

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- (b) be addressed to the Accounting Officer.
- (2) If implementation of a directive contemplated by subsection (1) is likely to result in unauthorised expenditure, the Accounting Officer -

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- (a) may not proceed with the implementation of the directive; and
- (b) must inform the Executive Authority in writing of the likelihood that the directive may lead to unauthorised expenditure.

| inancial | Management | of the Fre | e State | Provincial | Legislature | Act | 2009 |
|----------|------------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------------|------|--------------|
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| | (3) | If the Accounting Officer proceeds to implement a directive contemplated in subsection (2), without receiving a further instruction from the Executive Authority in terms of subsection (5), and it results in unauthorised expenditure, the Accounting Officer is responsible for such unauthorised expenditure. | 5 | |
|------|----------|---|----|--|
| | (4) | An official may not implement a directive by the Executive Authority that may have financial implications, unless the Accounting Officer issues a written instruction to proceed with implementation. | 10 | |
| | (5) | The Executive Authority may instruct the Accounting Officer to proceed with the implementation of a directive contemplated in subsection (2) only if it is to provide for - | | |
| | | (a) an expenditure of an exceptional nature which is currently not provided for in the Legislature's budget and which cannot, without serious prejudice to the interests of the Legislature, be postponed to a future appropriation or approval of funds; or | 15 | |
| | | (b) an unforeseeable and unavoidable expenditure approved by the Legislature. | 20 | |
| | (6) | If the Executive Authority instructs the Accounting Officer to proceed with the implementation of a directive contemplated in subsection (2), the Executive Authority must specify the instruction and the reasons for that instruction in writing and without delay - | | |
| | | (a) give a copy to the Accounting Officer; and | | |
| | | (b) table a copy in the Legislature for prompt referral to the Committee. | 30 | |
| | (7) | On receipt of a written instruction contemplated in subsection (6), the Accounting Officer must file a copy with the Auditor-General promptly. | | |
| Impe | ending s | hortfalls and overspending | 35 | |
| 37. | (1) | The Accounting Officer must – | | |
| | | (a) report in writing to the Executive Authority – | 40 | |
| | | (i) all impending shortfalls in budgeted revenue and overspending of a main division within the Legislature's vote; and | 40 | |

may consider an offer contemplated in subsection (1) only in

The Accounting Officer must notify the Auditor-General and the Executive Authority in writing if a contract is concluded in respect of a tender,

accordance with the prescribed policy.

quotation, or other bid other than the one recommended.

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and

(b)

Tenders not recommended

(1)

42.

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(Act No. 6, 2009) Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if a contract was concluded in order to rectify an irregularity.

Members of Legislature barred from serving on tender committees

43. No Member of the Legislature may –

- (a) be a member of a committee evaluating or approving tenders, quotations, contracts or other bids for the Legislature;
- (b) attend any meeting of such committee as an observer; or
- (c) participate in any other way in evaluating or approving tenders, quotations, contracts or other bids for the Legislature.

Interference

44. No person may -

- (a) interfere with, or improperly influence, the supply chain management system of the Legislature;
- (b) impede the Accounting Officer in fulfilling the responsibilities of the Accounting Officer in terms of this Chapter; or
- (c) amend or tamper with any tender, quotation, contract or bid after its submission.

Prohibition on contracts

- 45. No contract to provide goods or services to the Legislature may be awarded to
 - (a) a Member of Parliament or a member of Cabinet
 - (b) a Member of the provincial legislature or a Member of the Executive Council;
 - (c) a Municipal Coucillor;
 - (d) a person in the employ of the State whose participation in bidding for the contract may result in a conflict of interest; or
 - (e) any entity in which a person mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d) is a Director or has a controlling or other substantial interest.

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(Act No. 6, 2009)

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

CHAPTER 7 AUDIT COMMITTEE AND INTERNAL AUDIT UNIT

Establishment of audit committee

considered.

5 46. (1)The Legislature must have an audit committee appointed by the Executive Authority. The audit committee must – (2)10 (a) be constituted in a manner that ensures its independence; and (b) consist of at least three persons with appropriate experience and knowledge. 15 More than half of the members of the audit committee must be individuals (3)who -(a) are not employed by the Legislature or the state and are not Members of Parliament, a provincial Legislature, or a Municipal 20 Council; and have no personal or financial interest in any matter related to the (b) Legislature. 25 (4)The Executive Authority must appoint one of the members contemplated by subsection (3), who has the requisite knowledge and expertise of the functional area of the audit committee and has the business, financial and leadership skills, as the chairperson of the committee. 30 (5) The terms of appointment and remuneration of members of the audit committee contemplated by subsection (3) must be consistent with the requirements for audit committees of other organs of state, taking into account tariffs determined by the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants in consultation with the Auditor-General, and tariffs 35 determined by the National Treasury. (6)A member of the audit committee who has a personal or financial interest in any matter before that committee must disclose such interest to that

committee and withdraw from the proceedings when the matter is

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Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

Functions of audit committee

| 1 7. | (1) | The audit committee must – | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|--|---|-----|--|--|--|
| | | (a) | establish an audit charter to – | 5 | | | |
| | | | (i) guide its audit approach and that of the internal auditors; | | | | |
| | | | (ii) set out its operating procedures; and | 4.0 | | | |
| | | | (iii) determine the rules that govern its relationship with the internal auditors and the Accounting Officer; | 10 | | | |
| | | (b) | carry out such investigations into the Legislature's financial and risk management as it considers necessary or as requested by the Accounting Officer; | 15 | | | |
| | | (c) | in the annual report of the Legislature, comment on – | | | | |
| | | | (i) the effectiveness of internal control; | 20 | | | |
| | | | (ii) the quality of financial management and any reports compiled by the Accounting Officer in terms of this Act; and | | | | |
| | | | (iii) the quality of the annual financial statements; | 25 | | | |
| | | (d) | report to and advise the Accounting Officer on matters relating to the financial and risk management of the Legislature; and | 20 | | | |
| | | (e) | communicate any concerns it deems necessary to the Executive Authority and the Auditor-General. | 30 | | | |
| | (2) | In performing its functions, the audit committee – | | | | | |
| | | (a) | has access to the financial records and other relevant information of the Legislature; | 35 | | | |
| | | (b) | must meet as often as required to perform its functions, but at least four times a year; and | 40 | | | |
| | | (c) | must liaise with – | | | | |

the internal auditors of the Legislature; and

(i)

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(Act No. 6, 2009) Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

(ii) the person designated by the Auditor-General to audit the financial statements of the Legislature.

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| Allegations | against | Accounting | ()tticer |
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48. If the audit committee becomes aware of information implicating the Accounting Officer in fraud, corruption or gross negligence, it must report this promptly to the Executive Authority and the Committee.

Internal audit

- **49.** (1) The Accounting Officer must establish the Legislature's internal audit function which must carry out internal audits in accordance with the standards set by the Institute of Internal Auditors.
 - (2) The internal auditors must prepare for the approval of the audit committee -
 - (a) operating procedures to guide its relationship with the administration of the Legislature;
 - (b) a three-year risk-based audit plan; and
 - (c) an internal audit programme for each financial year setting out the proposed scope of each audit.
 - (3) The internal auditors must report at least quarterly to the Accounting Officer and the audit committee on its performance against the annual audit plan.
 - (4) The internal auditors must
 - (a) be independent of the activities that are audited; and
 - (b) have access to the financial records and other relevant information 35 of the Legislature.

(Act No. 6, 2009)

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

CHAPTER 8 REPORTING AND AUDITING

Part 1: In-year reporting

Monthly financial reports

- 50. (1) The Accounting Officer must, within fifteen days after the end of each month, submit financial reports to the Executive Authority and Provincial Treasury, in a format determined by the Executive Authority, reflecting the state of the Legislature's finances for that month and for the financial year to date and specifying –
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(a) actual revenue by revenue source;

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- (b) actual expenditure by main division;
- (c) actual capital expenditure by main division; and
- (d) when necessary, an explanation of –

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(i) any material variances from the Legislature's projected revenue by source, and from the Legislature's expenditure projections by main division; and

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- (ii) any remedial or corrective steps taken or to be taken to ensure that projected revenue and expenditure remain within the Legislature's approved budget.
- (2) The report must include a projection of revenue and expenditure for the remainder of the financial year, and any revisions from initial projections.

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(3) The amounts reflected in the report must in each case be compared with the corresponding amounts set out in the projected cash-flows and in the Legislature's budget.

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Quarterly performance reports

51. (1) The Accounting Officer must, within thirty days of the end of each quarter, report to the Executive Authority on the Legislature's performance in implementing the annual performance plan in that quarter.

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(2) The quarterly performance reports must include the financial reports of the Legislature for the quarter.

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Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

Mid-year budget and performance assessment

Legislature.

52. The Accounting Officer must, before 31 October of each year, submit to (1)the Executive Authority a report that assesses the performance of the Legislature's administration during the first half of the financial year, taking 5 into account -(a) the monthly reports referred to in section 50 for the first half of the financial year; 10 (b) the past year's annual report, and progress on resolving problems identified in the report; and performance in implementing the annual performance plan. (c) 15 (2)In the report the Accounting Officer must – recommend whether an adjustments budget may be necessary; and (a) revise projections for revenue and expenditure to the extent that this (b) 20 may be necessary. Submission of reports to the Committee 53. The Executive Authority must table the monthly, quarterly and mid-year 25 (1)reports in the Legislature within five working days of receiving the reports. (2)The Legislature must refer the reports to the Committee promptly. Part 2: Annual report, financial statements and auditing 30 Preparation of annual reports The Accounting Officer must, for each financial year, prepare an annual 54. (1)35 report. (2)The purpose of an annual report is to – provide a record of the activities of the Legislature during the (a) financial year to which the report relates; 40 provide a report on performance of the Legislature; and (b) promote accountability for decisions made during the year by the (c)

disclose, in respect of each bank account held by the Legislature

the name of the bank where the account is or was held, and

year opening and year end balances in each of these bank

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during the relevant financial year -

accounts;

the type of account; and

(b)

(i)

(ii)

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

CHAPTER 9 REGULATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

Regulations

5 64. (1)The Executive Authority may issue regulations not inconsistent with this Act concerning -(a) any matter in respect of which this Act authorises regulations or 10 policy; the handling of, and control over, the assets of the Legislature; (b) the improvement and maintenance of the assets of the Legislature; (c) 15 (d) the alienation, letting or other disposal of the assets of the Legislature; an appropriate supply chain management system for the Legislature (e) which complies with Chapter 6; 20 (f) the financial management of the provision of support services and constituency funding to political parties represented in the Legislature; 25 (g) the rendering of free services by the Legislature's administration; the determination of any scales of fees, other charges or rates (h) relating to services provided by the Legislature's administration; 30 (i) the writing off of, or settling of claims in respect of, losses of money or other assets of the Legislature or amounts owed to the Legislature; liability for losses and damages, and procedures for recovery, 35 (j)including the recovery of fruitless and wasteful, unauthorised and irregular expenditure; the cancellation or variation of contracts that are to the detriment of (k) the Legislature; 40 the settlement of claims by or against the Legislature; (1)

the waiver of claims by the Legislature;

(m)

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the Legislature.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTE, 16 October 2009

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

CHAPTER 11 MISCELLANEOUS

Liability of functionaries exercising powers and functions in terms of this Act

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70. (1) Executive Authority, the Accounting Officer or any other official exercising a power or performing a function in terms of this Act, is not liable for any loss or damage resulting from the exercise of that power or the performance of that function in good faith.

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(2) Without limiting liability in terms of the common law or other legislation, the Legislature may recover from the Accounting Officer or other official, any loss or damage suffered by it because of the intentional or negligent unlawful actions of that Accounting Officer or other official when performing a function in terms of this Act.

Short title and commencement

71. This Act is called the Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009 and comes into operation on the date of publication in the *Provincial Gazette*, as well as in terms of the transitional arrangements in Schedule 3.

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

SCHEDULE 1 CODE OF ETHICS THE EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY

- The object of this Code is to enhance the confidence of the public and Members in the integrity of (1) the management of the Legislature. It applies the Executive Authority of the Legislature and supplements the Legislature's Code of Ethics. It recognises that in holding high public office the Executive Committee has an obligation to perform official functions and duties in a way that will bear the closest public scrutiny, an obligation that is not discharged by simply acting within the law.
- The Executive Authority must conform to the principles of good governance set out in this (2)Schedule.
- The Executive Authority must -(3)
 - (a) fulfil all the obligations placed upon it by the Constitution, the law and the rules, regulations and policies of the Legislature;
 - (b) perform his or her duties and exercise powers with honesty and diligence and in accordance with the highest ethical standards;
 - act in all respects in a manner that is consistent with the integrity of his or her office; and (c)
 - arrange his or her private affairs in a manner that will prevent real, potential or apparent (d) conflicts of interests from arising and, if such a conflict does arise, resolve the conflict in favour of the interests of the Legislature and the public.
- The Executive Authority may not -(4)
 - use her or his position to enrich herself or himself for improperly benefit any other person; (a)
 - expose herself o himself to any situation involving the risk of a conflict between official (b) responsibilities and private interests;
 - receive remuneration for any work or service other than for the performance of her or his (c) functions as Executive Authority; or
 - (d) use any allowance provided by the Legislature for a purpose other than that for which it was provided.
- Any complaints concerning adherence to this Code must be determined by the Ethics Committee (5) under the Standing Rules of the Legislature to oversee the Code of Ethics for members of the Legislature.

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

SCHEDULE 2 MATTERS THAT MUST BE COVERED IN THE LEGISLATURE'S SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Legislature's supply chain management policy must cover the following matters -

- the range of supply chain management processes that the Legislature may use, including tenders, (a) quotations, auctions and other types of competitive bidding;
- when the Legislature may or must use a particular type of process; (b)
- procedures and mechanisms for each type of process; (c)
- procedures and mechanisms for more flexible processes where the value of a contract is below a (d) prescribed amount;
- open and transparent pre-qualification processes for tenders or other bids; (e)
- competitive bidding processes in which only pre-qualified persons may participate; (f)
- (g) bid documentation, and the advertising of and invitations for contracts;
- procedures and mechanisms for -(h)
 - the opening, registering and recording of bids in the presence of interested persons; (i)
 - (ii)the evaluation of bids to ensure best value for money;
 - (iii)negotiating the final terms of contracts; and
 - (iv)the approval of bids;
- (i) screening processes and security clearances for prospective contractors on tenders or other bids above a prescribed value;
- compulsory disclosure of any conflicts of interests prospective contractors may have in specific (i)tenders;
- the circumstances in which prospective contractors may be excluded from being considered for any (k) contract on account of a conflict of interest;
- the consequences of failing to disclose conflicts of interest in accordance with the Policy; (1)

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

- (m) participation in the supply chain management system of persons who are not officials of the Legislature or in the employ of the State;
- (n) the barring of persons from participating in tendering or other bidding processes, including persons -
 - (i) convicted for fraud, corruption or any other crime involving dishonesty in the previous five years;
 - (ii) who wilfully breached a contract with an organ of state during the previous five years; or
 - (iii) whose tax matters are not cleared by South African Revenue Service;
- (o) measures for -
 - (i) combating dishonesty, favouritism and unfair and irregular practices in supply chain management; and
 - (ii) promoting ethics of officials of the Legislature and others involved in supply chain management;
- (p) the invalidation of recommendations or decisions that were made, taken or in any way influenced by -
 - (i) Members of the Legislature in contravention of this Act or any applicable code of ethics for Members of the Legislature;
 - (ii) officials of the Legislature in contravention of this Act or any applicable code of conduct for officials of the Legislature;
- (q) the procurement of goods and services by the Legislature through contracts procured by other organs of state;
- (r) contract management and dispute settling procedures;
- (s) the delegation of the Legislature's supply chain management powers and duties to officials of the Legislature; and
- (t) the circumstances in which a contract or agreement procured through the supply chain management policy of the Legislature may be amended by the parties.

Financial Management of the Free State Provincial Legislature Act, 2009

SCHEDULE 3 TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

- (1) Section 13 and those parts of other sections of this Act that refer to the strategic plan come into effect on the date of the first elections for the Legislature after the Act comes into effect.
- (2) Sections 14 to 19, 21, 22 and 50 to 61 come into effect at the start of the first financial year after this Act comes into effect.
- (3) Until such time as any provision contemplated by items (1) and (2) of this Schedule comes into effect, the Legislature shall continue to comply with any applicable requirement on the PFMA and its regulations.
- (4) Until such time as any regulation that must be made in terms of this Act comes into force, any policies, regulations or rules concerning the subject-matter of such regulation remain in force.
- (5) If, when this Act comes into effect, there is no performance agreement for the Accounting Officer as required in terms of section 7, an agreement must be concluded within a month.
- (6) After this Act comes into effect, no powers or duties may be delegated until the system of delegation anticipated in section 9 is adopted; except -
 - (a) officials exercising powers or performing duties delegated to them by the Accounting Officer before this Act came into effect may continue to do so; and
 - (b) if a power or duty was delegated to the holder of an office in Tthe Legislature before this Act came into effect, the holder of that office and any future holder of the office may continue to exercise the power or perform the duty.
- (7) Sections 39, 40 and 41 come into effect when the regulations that sections 39 and 41 anticipate are made in terms of section 64.
- (8) Regulations required by this Act must be made within a reasonable time of the Act coming into effect.